Intro to Excel Week 4: Charts and Tables

USC Annenberg Digital Lounge

After today's session

- Create and modify a pivot table
- Select an effective chart type based on a scenario
- Understand static vs. pivot charts
- Format charts effectively with layouts and labeling

Today's topics

- Define and create a table and chart
- Define and create a pivot table and pivot chart
- Named ranges and labeling

Covered so far

- Data formatting basics
- Conditional formatting
- Data validation
- Basic formulas
- Combining formulas
- VLOOKUP and XLOOKUP

The problem to solve

- You do marketing for a large network of 500 podcasts
- For each category of our shows, find the average number of downloads per month

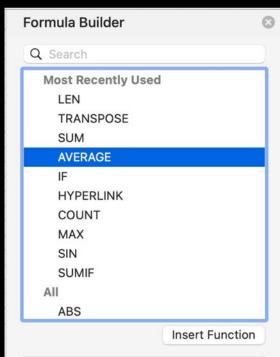
Formula basics review

- Insert -> Function to see the list of options
- Syntax:
 - How many arguments
 - Meaning of each argument
- Insert Function button
 - Or type =function(argument) in formula bar

=AVERAGE(D:D)

=COUNTIF(F2:F15,">2")

=SUMIF(F2:F15,">2",G2:G15)





Returns the average (arithmetic mean) of its arguments, which can be numbers or names, arrays, or references that contain numbers.

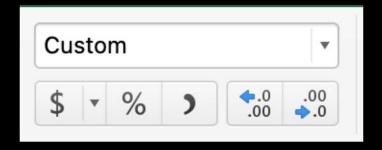
Syntax

AVERAGE(number1,number2,...)

- Number1: number1,number2,... are 1 to 255 numeric arguments for which you want the average.
- Number2: number1,number2,... are 1 to 255 numeric arguments for which you want the average.

Best practices for tables

- Clear header for every column
- Format numbers
 - Units, decimals, commas as needed
 - If it's not fractional, don't display decimals
- Use **Format as Table** on your final product





Activity Part 1

Download this dataset: bit.ly/usc-excel-week4

Create a summary table with these steps:

- 1. Create a new sheet (tab) in your workbook called Summary
- 2. Select all the categories and paste them into your new sheet
- 3. Use the Remove Duplicates tool to create a list of categories
- 4. Display how many shows are in each category using COUNTIF
- 5. Display the average monthly downloads for each category using

category Average Monthly Downloads - Number of Shows

True Crime

Comedy

Business

Sports

News

424,032

422,332

414,522 399,169

380,478

378,070

360,638

335,278

AVERAGEIF

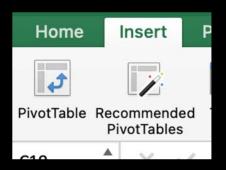
- 6. Sort by the average downloads, descending
- 7. Format as table, be sure to add clear headers!

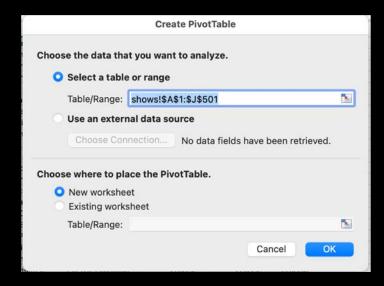
Why pivot tables?

- They accomplish the same thing we just did, but way more easily and faster!
- The formulas we just did are conceptually the same thing that the pivot table will do
- AND, pivot tables add a lot of helpful other features!
 - Quickly change summary without re-writing a formula
 - Change display format

To create a pivot table

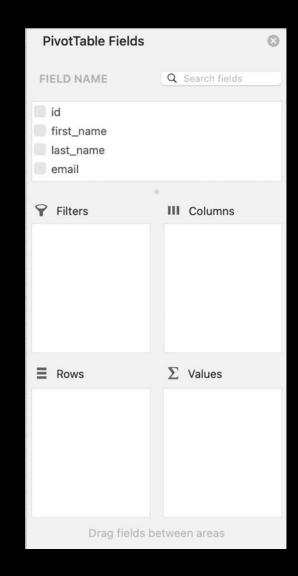
- Select all your data
 - Click one cell of your data, then Cmd-A / Ctrl-A
- Insert → PivotTable
- Double-check your range makes sense
- Choose PivotTable location (usually new worksheet)





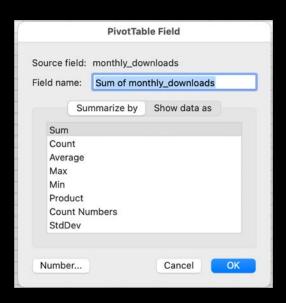
Build your pivot

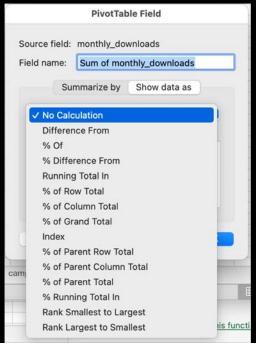
- Field List lists all the columns from your source sheet
- Drag and Drop those columns into the 4 parts of the pivot table
 - Rows
 - Values
 - For simple pivots, you can skip columns and filters
- See the results of your changes immediately to the left!



Customize your pivot

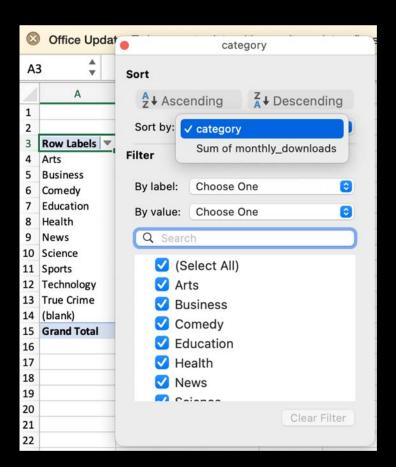
- Click the "i" icon next to a field name to set the formatting
- Pop-up will give you options to:
 - Summarize By
 - Show Data As
- See the results of your changes immediately to the left!





Sort your pivot

- Click the ✓ next to "Row Labels" for smart sorting options
- Change "sort by" to sort by any column values



Activity Part 2

Same dataset: bit.ly/usc-excel-week4

- Create a PivotTable to show the same result as Part 1 (for each category, average number of downloads, and total number of shows)
- 2. Change the number of shows column to display the percent of total
- 3. Add a second row split by Release Day.
 - 1. Also try Release Day as a column, see which you like better!
- 4. Use a pivot table to find: How many *total* monthly downloads do we get from News shows that are released on Wednesdays?

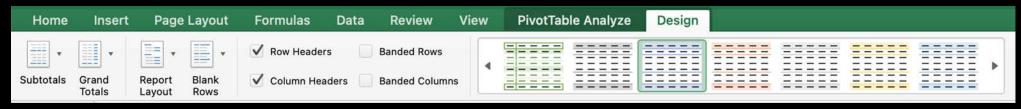
Pivot table tips

 Whenever you click into your pivot table, you get two new sections of the top ribbon: Analyze and Design

Field List on the top right will show/hide the builder view



Design tab lets you set colors, grand totals, etc.



Adding a pivot chart

- From the Analyze ribbon, click PivotChart
- A chart will automatically populate!
- You'll get more new ribbons at the top: PivotChart Analyze and Design



- Under Design, you can:
 - Change Chart Type
 - Quick Layout
 - Add Chart Element
 - Change Colors



Non-pivot charts

- Everything we just talked about to insert a chart can be done from a static non-pivot table, like the one we did at the beginning
- Select all data (Cmd-A / Ctrl-A) and use Insert → Chart
- These require a lot more manual formatting
- Like tables if you need a chart, it's usually best to do a pivot chart instead of a regular chart!

Activity part 3

Same dataset

- 1. Create a pivot chart from your pivot table
- 2. Change the Chart Type, Layout, and Colors until you have a chart you like
- 3. Give it a descriptive title

Just for fun: create a regular chart from your non-pivot table from part 1.

Adding or editing data in a pivot table

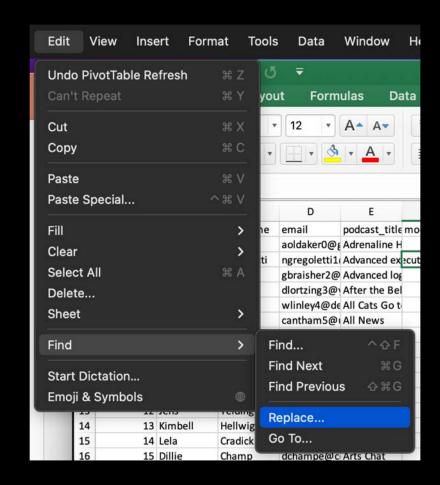
- If you add or edit any data in the source sheet of your pivot table, the chart will not automatically update until you refresh
 - Click the Refresh button in the Analyze tab
 - Excel only! GSheets automatically updates



- If you add rows to your source data, use Change Data Source to update the range
- Once the pivot table is refreshed, the pivot chart will auto-update!

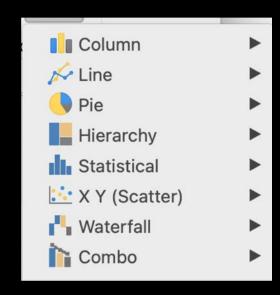
Activity part 4

- On the shows source tab, use Edit →
 Find → Replace to change the cells
 "Technology" to "Tech"
- 2. Refresh your pivot table to reflect the change
- 3. Add a row to your dataset with a fake podcast and change the data source so that it's included in your pivot table
- 4. Go back to your original table from part 1 notice the error?



When to use which type of chart

- What is the point I'm trying to make to my audience?
 - "Our top categories of shows are Tech and Business"
 - "All major categories are represented in our shows"



Upcoming sessions

Excel Dashboards

Later this spring: SQL and Python!

Good Excel learning tools:

- Miss Excel (IG/TikTok)
- PolicyViz (email/website)
- Exceljet (reference site)

Rachel Whaley